## GHpost2015

## Global Health – defining what we want after 2015

Three of eight Millennium Development goals were explicitly health related (child survival, maternal and reproductive health, and AIDS, tuberculosis, and malaria), and others were closely linked (poverty, nutrition, water, and sanitation). What will be the place of health in the post-2015 era? In the coming months, there will be more than 50 consultations in countries across nine themes (health, inequalities, population, education, economic growth and employment, conflict and fragility, governance, environmental sustainability, and food security and nutrition). A High-Level Panel chaired by the Governments of Liberia, Indonesia, and the UK will make its recommendations by June, 2013, and a high-level summit at the UN General Assembly will be held in September, 2013. WHO and UNICEF with the Government of Sweden and Botswana are leading the global consultation on health. Their task is to propose health goals, targets, and indicators to the High-Level Panel, and to make recommendations for measuring and monitoring those goals. In January, 2013, a draft paper will be written and posted for public comment, to be submitted by the end of March, 2013.

Several academic organizations in the field of global health, including public health, international health, and tropical medicine decided to propose delivering a single voice, obtained through a Delphi consensus process, providing answers to the following questions:

What criteria would you suggest are used to select priorities for the post 2015 agenda? What are your suggested health priorities post-2015? What are the lessons to be learned from the health related MDGs for the post-2015 agenda? How should the health fit into the post-2015 sustainable development agenda? How should we measure progress?

A three round-Delphi survey will be conducted among all the participating networks (identified here below from their logos), under their own supervision and responsibility. The whole process will be coordinated by Dean Antoine Flahault, EHESP French School of Public Health, Rennes, Sorbonne Paris Cité and Andy Haines, former Dean/Director of LSHTM, co-chairs of the European Academic Global Health Alliance, based at ASPHER, Brussels, Belgium, helped by Aurélie Zalambani, PharmD and MPH, EHESP.

The first round of the Delphi process will be conducted in early November, 2012 and will consist of submitting an open questionnaire including the 5 questions. Each participant will provide 3 responses per question explaining the reason why he or she chose these answers.

For the second round, in late November, early December, an analysis of answers to the first questionnaire will be send, along with a questionnaire including a set of proposed answers, for comments, suggestions, and/or approval. The aim of this round is to reduce the list of proposed answers to the most important answers for the 5 questions.

In case, no consensus is reached at that point, and if time allows for it, a third round will be conducted in mid December, 2012, with an analysis of answers to the second questionnaire, along with a third set of proposed answers that each participant will be ask to rank by level of importance.

The conclusions of this final step will be sent to the contact person of each participating network for validation.

Approved conclusions will be sent, in January, 2013, on behalf of all the participating organizations, to the Swedish, Botswanan Ambassadors, WHO and UNICEF representatives, and submitted in parallel to a peer reviewed journal for publication.

